

## Lambeth Nursery Schools' Federation

Acting Executive Headteacher: Luke Page

Chair of Governors: Siobhan Turner

Holmewood, Maytree, Triangle, Effra and Ethelred Nursery Schools  
with Maytree, Tree House, Clapham Manor, Effra and Ethelred Children's Centres



# Data Protection Policy

**This policy has been agreed and adopted by the Governors.**

**Signed by Chair of Governors:** Siobhan Turner

**Date:** 30/11/2022

### **Policy review period: 2 years**

Reviewed: Autumn 2022

Next review: Autumn 2024

### **Key legislation:**

- Data Protection Act 2018: General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

### **Documents consulted/information sources/related documents:**

- Child protection - safeguarding policy
- Acceptable use of digital technology
- Document retention schedule

### **Contents**

1. Aims
2. Legislation and guidance
3. Definitions
4. The data controller
5. Roles and responsibilities
6. Data protection principles
7. Collecting personal data
8. Sharing personal data
9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals
10. Parental requests to see the educational record
11. CCTV
12. Photographs and videos
13. Data protection by design and default
14. Data security and storage of records
15. Disposal of records
16. Personal data breaches
17. Training
18. Monitoring arrangements

## Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure

### 1. Aims

Our federation schools and the children's centre we manage in the Clapham and Brixton Hill Better Start Area aim to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, children, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

### 2. Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the GDPR, it is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the GDPR and the ICO's code of practice for subject access requests.

It also reflects the ICO's code of practice for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

In addition, this policy complies with regulation 5 of the Education (Pupil Information) (England) Regulations 2005, which gives parents the right of access to their child's educational record.

### 3. Definitions

Term	Definition
<b>Personal data</b>	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, individual. This may include the individual's: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Name (including initials)</li><li>• Identification number</li><li>• Location data</li><li>• Online identifier, such as a username</li></ul> It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.
<b>Special categories of personal data</b>	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Racial or ethnic origin</li><li>• Political opinions</li><li>• Religious or philosophical beliefs</li><li>• Trade union membership</li><li>• Genetics</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes</li> <li>• Health – physical or mental</li> <li>• Sex life or sexual orientation</li> </ul>
<b>Processing</b>	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing or destroying. Processing can be automated or manual.
<b>Data subject</b>	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.
<b>Data controller</b>	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
<b>Data processor</b>	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.
<b>Personal data breach</b>	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.

#### 4. The data controller

Our schools and children’s centre personal data relating to parents, children, staff, governors, visitors and others, and therefore is a data controller.

The schools are registered as data controllers with the ICO and will renew registrations annually or as otherwise legally required. The Maytree registration covers activities in the Clapham and Brixton Hill Better Start Area children’s centres.

#### 5. Roles and responsibilities

This policy applies to **all staff** employed by our schools and children’s centre, and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

##### 5.1 Governing body

The governing body has overall responsibility for ensuring that our federation complies with all relevant data protection obligations.

##### 5.2 Data protection officer

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.

They will provide an update to the Executive Headteacher who will report this directly to the governing body and, where relevant, report to the body their advice and recommendations on federation data protection issues.

The DPO is also the first point of contact for individuals whose data the federation processes, and for the ICO.

Our DPO is Alex Fenech and is contactable via email [afenech@holmewoodnurseryschool.org.uk](mailto:afenech@holmewoodnurseryschool.org.uk)

### **5.3 Executive Headteacher**

The Executive Headteacher acts as the representative of the data controller on a day-to-day basis.

### **5.4 All staff**

Staff are responsible for:

- collecting, storing and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy
- informing us of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- informing a member of the senior leadership team and/or the DPO in the following circumstances:
  - o ask questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure.
  - o where they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed
  - o where they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
  - o where they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the European Economic Area
  - o if there has been a data breach
  - o whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals
  - o if they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties.
- The senior leadership team will request support from and/or inform the DPO when necessary.

## **6. Data protection principles**

The GDPR is based on data protection principles that we must comply with.

The principles say that personal data must be:

- processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes
- adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed
- accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed
- processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure.

This policy sets out how we aim to comply with these principles.

## **7. Collecting personal data**

### **7.1 Lawfulness, fairness and transparency**

We will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under data protection law, where:

- the data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the individual, or the individual has asked us to take specific steps before entering into a contract
- the data needs to be processed so that we can **comply with a legal obligation**
- the data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life
- the data needs to be processed so that we, as a public authority, can perform a task **in the public interest**, and carry out its official functions
- the data needs to be processed for the **legitimate interests** of the schools and children's centres or a third party (provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden)
- the individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a child) has freely given clear **consent**.

For special categories of personal data, we will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing which are set out in the GDPR.

## 7.2 Limitation, minimisation and accuracy

We will only collect personal data for specified, explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so, and seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary in order to do their jobs.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the

[Information and Records Management Society's toolkit for schools](#), the federation's Document retention schedule stored in the [Archiving/Retention of Documents - 5 schools folder](#) provides more specific information relating to our schools and children's centres.

## 8. Sharing personal data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else, but may do so where:

- there is an issue with a child or parent/carer that puts the safety of our staff at risk
- we need to liaise with other agencies – we will seek consent as necessary before doing this
- our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and children – for example, IT companies. When doing this, we will:
  - o only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with data protection law
  - o establish a data sharing agreement with the supplier or contractor, either in the contract or as a standalone agreement, to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
  - o only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service, and information necessary to keep them safe while working with us.

We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so, including for:

- the prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud
- the apprehension or prosecution of offenders
- the assessment or collection of tax owed to HMRC
- in connection with legal proceedings
- where the disclosure is required to satisfy our safeguarding obligations

- research and statistical purposes, as long as personal data is sufficiently anonymised or consent has been provided.

We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of our children or staff.

Where we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

## **9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals**

### **9.1 Subject access requests**

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- access to a copy of the data
- the purposes of the data processing
- the categories of personal data concerned
- who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- how long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- the source of the data, if not the individual
- whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual.

Subject access requests must be submitted in writing, either by letter, email or fax to the senior leadership team and/or DPO. They should include:

- name of individual
- correspondence address
- contact number and email address
- details of the information requested.

If staff receive a subject access request they must immediately forward it to the senior leadership team who will inform the DPO, the Executive Headteacher must always be informed.

### **9.2 Children and subject access requests**

Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents or carers. For a parent or carer to make a subject access request with respect to their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request, or have given their consent.

Children below the age of 12 are generally not regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request. Therefore, most subject access requests from parents or carers of children at our schools and children's centre may be granted without the express permission of the child. This is not a rule and a child's ability to understand their rights will always be judged on a case-by-case basis.

### **9.3 Responding to subject access requests**

When responding to requests, we:

- may ask the individual to provide 2 forms of identification
- may contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made
- will respond without delay and within 1 month of receipt of the request
- will provide the information free of charge

- may tell the individual we will comply within 3 months of receipt of the request, where a request is complex or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and explain why the extension is necessary.

We will not disclose information if it:

- might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the child or another individual
- would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests
- is contained in adoption or parental order records
- is given to a court in proceedings concerning the child.

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee which takes into account administrative costs.

A request will be deemed to be unfounded or excessive if it is repetitive, or asks for further copies of the same information.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.

#### **9.4 Other data protection rights of the individual**

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- withdraw their consent to processing at any time
- ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- request a copy of agreements under which their personal data is transferred outside of the European Economic Area
- object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- make a complaint to the ICO
- ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances).

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the senior leadership team and/or the DPO. If staff receive such a request, they must immediately forward it to a member of the senior leadership team and/or the DPO. The Executive Headteacher must always be informed.

### **10. Parental requests to see the educational record**

Parents, or those with parental responsibility, have a legal right to free access to their child's educational record (which includes most information about a child) within 15 school days of receipt of a written request.

### **11. CCTV**

We use CCTV in various locations around the school sites. We adhere to the ICO's [code of practice](#) for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system should be directed to a member of the senior leadership team.

## **12. Photographs and videos**

As part of our activities, we may take photographs and videos of individuals.

We will obtain written consent from parents/carers for photographs and videos to be taken of their child or themselves for internal assessment, display, communication, website and our social media feed. We will clearly explain how the photograph and/or video will be used to the parent/carer. This is part of our consent statement in the agreements signed by parents and carers when joining our schools and children's centre.

Separate permission will be sought from parents/carers for photographs and videos used externally, for example, educational magazine articles, promotional materials distributed externally, etc.

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will delete the photograph or video and not distribute it further. When using photographs and videos in this way we will not accompany them with any other personal information about the child, to ensure they cannot be identified.

## **13. Data protection by design and default**

We will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- appointing a suitably qualified DPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge
- only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant data protection law (see section 6)
- completing privacy impact assessments where the school's processing of personal data presents a high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the DPO will advise on this process)
- integrating data protection into internal documents including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices
- regularly training members of staff on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance
- regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant
- maintaining records of our processing activities, including:
  - o for the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our settings and DPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices)
  - o for all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, how and why we are storing the data, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure.

## **14. Data security and storage of records**

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage.



In particular:

- paper-based records are kept under lock and key when not in use
- portable electronic devices, such as laptops, hard drives and iPads that contain personal data are password protected
- papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staff room tables, pinned to notice/display boards, or left anywhere else where there is general access. The exception to this is medical information on care plans to inform all staff of children's and staff members' medical needs and care plans where permission has been granted. This is in line with our 'Supporting pupils with medical conditions policy' and our inclusion policy and equalities statement.
- passwords that are at least 8 characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops and other electronic devices. Staff are reminded to change their passwords at regular intervals. Children do not have passwords for programmes.
- school computers are timed to 'sleep' after 5 minutes of inactivity and require passwords to re-open
- staff, children or governors who access and store school/children's centre personal information on their personal devices are expected to follow the same security procedures as for school-owned equipment
- where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected (see section 8).

## **15. Disposal of records**

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it.

For example, we will shred or incinerate paper-based records and overwrite or delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the school's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with data protection law.

## **16. Personal data breaches**

The schools and children's centre will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches.

In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1.

When appropriate, the DPO will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours. Such breaches may include, but are not limited to:

- safeguarding information being made available to an unauthorised person
- the theft of a laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about children.

## **17. Training**

All staff and governors are provided with data protection information as part of their induction process.

Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or internal processes make it necessary.

## **18. Monitoring arrangements**

The DPO is responsible for reviewing this policy.

The Executive Headteacher and Heads of School's are responsible for monitoring this policy.

This policy will be reviewed and updated when required or as detailed above.

## Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure

This procedure is based on [guidance on personal data breaches](#) produced by the ICO.

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately notify the Head of School, Executive Headteacher and Federation Business Manager.
- The DPO will be notified and offer advice regarding the investigation.
- The Executive Headteacher and Federation Business Manager and act appropriately in line with this policy to determine whether a breach has occurred. They will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
  - lost
  - stolen
  - destroyed
  - altered
  - disclosed or made available where it should not have been
  - made available to unauthorised people.
- If a breach has occurred the Chair of Governors will be informed.
- All reasonable efforts will be made to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by relevant staff members or data processors where necessary. (Actions relevant to specific data types are set out at the end of this procedure).
- The potential consequences will be assessed, based on how serious they are, and how likely they are to happen.
- We will agree whether the breach must be reported to the ICO. This must be judged on a case-by-case basis. We will take into account whether the breach is likely to negatively affect people's rights and freedoms, and cause them any physical, material or non-material damage (e.g. emotional distress), from:
  - loss of control over their data
  - discrimination
  - identify theft or fraud
  - financial loss
  - unauthorised reversal of pseudonymisation (for example, reversing the use initials and thereby revealing someone's identify)
  - damage to reputation
  - loss of confidentiality
  - any other significant economic or social disadvantage to the individual(s) concerned.

If it is likely that there will be a risk to people's rights and freedoms, the ICO must be notified.

- Decisions to report or not will be recorded in case our action is challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach. Documented decisions are stored and a record of documents destroyed is held on a spreadsheet and held electronically.
- Where the ICO must be notified, the DPO will do this via the ['report a breach' page of the ICO website](#) within 72 hours. As required, the DPO will set out:
  - a description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
    - the categories and approximate number of individuals concerned

- the categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
- o the name and contact details of the DPO
- o a description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
- o a description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned.
- If all the above details are not yet known, the DPO will report as much as they can within 72 hours. The report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why, and when the DPO expects to have further information. The DPO will submit the remaining information as soon as possible.
- The DPO will also assess the risk to individuals, again based on the severity and likelihood of potential or actual impact. If the risk is high, the DPO will promptly inform, in writing, all individuals whose personal data has been breached. This notification will set out:
  - o the name and contact details of the DPO
  - o a description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
  - o a description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned.
- The DPO will notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals, for example, the police, insurers, banks or credit card companies.
- The DPO will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
  - o facts and cause
  - o effects
  - o action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals).

Records of all breaches will be stored on the [Complaints and Incidents Form](#) (this provides a detailed log of the incident) and [Data Protection Breach Log](#) held electronically on Google Drive.

- The DPO and Executive Headteacher, with other relevant senior staff will review what happened and how a repeat incident can be prevented. This meeting will happen as soon as reasonably possible.

### **Actions to minimise the impact of data breaches**

We will take the actions set out below to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information. We will review the effectiveness of these actions and amend them as necessary after any data breach.

### **Sensitive information being disclosed via email (including safeguarding records)**

- If special category data (sensitive information) is accidentally made available via email to unauthorised individuals, the sender must attempt to recall the email as soon as they become aware of the error.
- Members of staff who receive personal data sent in error must alert the sender and a member of the Senior Leadership Team as soon as they become aware of the error.
- If the sender is unavailable or cannot recall the email for any reason, the IT service provider will be asked to try and recall it.
- In any cases where the recall is unsuccessful, contact will be made with the relevant unauthorised individuals who received the email, explaining that the information was sent in error, and request that those individuals delete the information and do not share, publish, save or replicate it in any way.

- We will ensure we receive a written response from all the individuals who received the data in error, confirming that they have complied with this request.
- An internet search to check that the information has not been made public; if it has, we will contact the publisher/website owner or administrator to request that the information is removed from their website and deleted.